

# The Reagan Administration's Secret Strategy That Hastened the Collapse of the Soviet Union

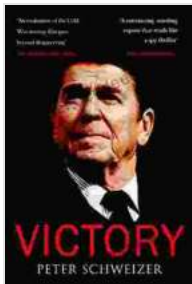
The Reagan administration's secret strategy to hasten the collapse of the Soviet Union was a complex and multifaceted approach that involved a combination of economic, political, and military measures. This article explores the key elements of this strategy and assesses its impact on the eventual collapse of the Soviet Union.

One of the key elements of the Reagan administration's strategy was to weaken the Soviet economy. This was done through a combination of measures, including:

- **Reducing grain sales to the Soviet Union.** The Soviet Union was heavily dependent on grain imports to feed its population. By reducing grain sales, the Reagan administration was able to put pressure on the Soviet economy and force it to spend more resources on food imports.
- **Imposing sanctions on the Soviet Union.** The Reagan administration also imposed a series of sanctions on the Soviet Union, which restricted access to Western technology and goods. These sanctions made it more difficult for the Soviet Union to modernize its economy and compete with the West.
- **Encouraging the development of a black market in the Soviet Union.** The Reagan administration also encouraged the development of a black market in the Soviet Union. This black market allowed Soviet citizens to access Western goods and services that were not available

through the state-controlled economy. The black market undermined the Soviet economy and led to a decline in the standard of living for many Soviet citizens.

In addition to economic measures, the Reagan administration also used political measures to pressure the Soviet Union. These measures included:



## Victory: The Reagan Administration's Secret Strategy that Hastened the Collapse of the Soviet Union

by Peter Schweizer

★★★★☆ 4.3 out of 5

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Enhanced typesetting : Enabled  
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- **Supporting anti-communist movements in Eastern Europe.** The Reagan administration provided financial and political support to anti-communist movements in Eastern Europe. These movements played a key role in the eventual collapse of the Soviet Union's satellite states.
- **Promoting democracy and human rights in the Soviet Union.** The Reagan administration also promoted democracy and human rights in the Soviet Union. This was done through a variety of measures, including supporting dissident groups and broadcasting Radio Free Europe into the Soviet Union.

- **Meeting with Soviet leaders and engaging in dialogue.** The Reagan administration also engaged in dialogue with Soviet leaders. This dialogue helped to create a better understanding of each other's positions and to reduce tensions between the two countries.

In addition to economic and political measures, the Reagan administration also used military measures to pressure the Soviet Union. These measures included:

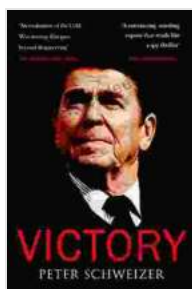
- **Increasing defense spending.** The Reagan administration increased defense spending by a significant amount. This increase in spending was used to modernize the US military and to develop new weapons systems, such as the Strategic Defense Initiative (SDI).
- **Deploying intermediate-range nuclear missiles in Europe.** The Reagan administration also deployed intermediate-range nuclear missiles in Europe. These missiles were a threat to Soviet territory and helped to convince the Soviet Union that it needed to negotiate a nuclear arms control treaty with the United States.
- **Providing military aid to anti-communist movements in Afghanistan and Nicaragua.** The Reagan administration also provided military aid to anti-communist movements in Afghanistan and Nicaragua. These movements helped to tie down Soviet forces and to drain the Soviet economy.

The Reagan administration's secret strategy to hasten the collapse of the Soviet Union was a success. The combination of economic, political, and military measures put pressure on the Soviet Union and forced it to make concessions. These concessions led to a series of arms control

agreements, which reduced the risk of nuclear war. They also led to the eventual collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991.

The Reagan administration's strategy is a case study in how a well-executed strategy can achieve significant results. The strategy was based on a sound understanding of the Soviet Union's strengths and weaknesses. It was also implemented with a great deal of patience and determination. As a result, the strategy was successful in hastening the collapse of the Soviet Union and in ending the Cold War.

The Reagan administration's secret strategy to hasten the collapse of the Soviet Union was a complex and multifaceted approach that involved a combination of economic, political, and military measures. This strategy was successful in putting pressure on the Soviet Union and forcing it to make concessions. These concessions led to a series of arms control agreements, which reduced the risk of nuclear war. They also led to the eventual collapse of the Soviet Union in 1991. The Reagan administration's strategy is a case study in how a well-executed strategy can achieve significant results.



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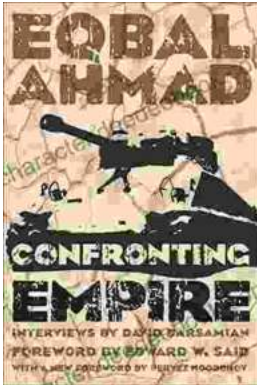
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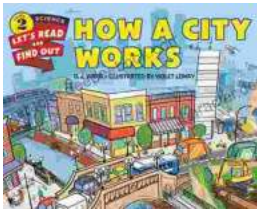
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